

Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver Help

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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver Help	3
Overview	3
Device Setup	4
Communications Parameters	6
Optimizing Your Ethernet Communications	8
Data Types Descriptions	9
Automatic Tag Database Generation	10
Address Descriptions	13
DXP100 Addressing	13
DXP200 Addressing	15
Error Descriptions	17
Address Validation	17
Address '<address>' is out of range for the specified device or register	17
Data Type '<type>' is not valid for device address '<address>'	17
Device address '<address>' contains a syntax error	18
Device address '<address>' is Read Only	18
Missing address	18
Device Status Messages	18
Device '<device name>' is not responding	18
Unable to write to '<address>' on device '<device name>'	18
Write allowed for admin level only	19
Write allowed for devices with math option only	19
Driver Error Messages	19
Winsock initialization failed (OS Error = n)	19
Winsock V1.1 or higher must be installed to use the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Device Driver	19
Automatic Tag Database Generation Messages	20
Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login ... failed. Check username and password	20
Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login ... failed. No more logins at this user level	20
Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login ... not accepted. Choose username of 'admin' or 'user'	20
Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>'	21
responded with error '<error code>'	21
Index	22

Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver Help

Help version 1.023

CONTENTS

[Overview](#)

What is the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver?

[Device Setup](#)

How do I configure a device for use with this driver?

[Optimizing Your Ethernet Communications](#)

How do I get the best performance from the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver?

[Data Types Description](#)

What data types does this driver support?

[Address Descriptions](#)

How do I address a data location on a Yokogawa DXP device?

[Automatic Tag Database Generation](#)

How can I easily configure tags for the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver?

[Error Descriptions](#)

What error messages does the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver produce?

Overview

The Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver provides an easy and reliable way to connect Yokogawa DXP Ethernet devices to OPC Client applications, including HMI, SCADA, Historian, MES, ERP and countless custom applications. It is intended for use with Yokogawa Data Acquisition and Data Recorder devices that support Ethernet TCP communications.

Device Setup

Supported Devices

DXP100
DXP200

Connection Timeout

This parameter specifies the time that the driver will wait for a connection to be made with a device. Depending on network load, the connect time may vary with each connection attempt. The valid range is 1 to 30 seconds. The default setting is 3 seconds.

Request Timeout

This parameter specifies the amount of time that the driver will wait for a response from the device before giving up and going on to the next request. Long timeouts will only affect performance if a device is not responding. The valid range is 100 to 30000 milliseconds. The default setting is 1000 milliseconds.

Note: If the default timing settings are being used while the initial client connection is being made, users may receive a "Device Not Responding" error message even though the tags are good. When the request timeout is adjusted (such as, increased from 1000 to 1500), users will not receive a "Device Not Responding" error message.

Retry Attempts

This parameter specifies the number of times that the driver will retry a message before giving up and going on to the next message. The valid range is 1 to 10. The default setting is 3.

Note: For more information on timeouts and retries, refer to the OPC server's help documentation.

Device ID

Yokogawa devices are networked using standard IP addressing. In general, the Device ID has the following format `YYY.YYY.YYY.YYY`, where `YYY` designates the device IP address. Each `YYY` byte should be in the range of 0 to 255.

Device Settings

The DXP unit should be configured with the Keep Alive function enabled. This allows it to drop the connection if there are no responses to periodic test packets at the TCP level. The Keep Alive function is set on the Communication (Control -Login Time out-) screen in Setup Mode.

Note: When using passwords, user IDs, and/or usernames, the DXP unit should be in Key + Com mode in order for the OPC server to establish communications with the device. For more information, refer to the Yokogawa DXP instruction manual.

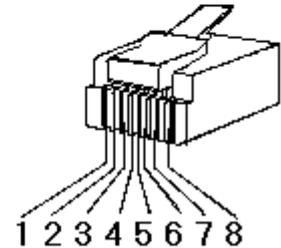
Cable Diagrams

Patch Cable (Straight Through)

TD + 1	OR/WHT	OR/WHT	1	TD +
TD - 2	OR	OR	2	TD -
RD + 3	GRN/WHT	GRN/WHT	3	RD +
4	BLU	BLU	4	
5	BLU/WHT	BLU/WHT	5	
RD - 6	GRN	GRN	6	RD -
7	BRN/WHT	BRN/WHT	7	
8	BRN	BRN	8	

RJ45 RJ45

10 BaseT



Crossover Cable

TD + 1	OR/WHT	GRN/WHT	1	TD +
TD - 2	OR	GRN	2	TD -
RD + 3	GRN/WHT	OR/WHT	3	RD +
4	BLU	BLU	4	
5	BLU/WHT	BLU/WHT	5	
RD - 6	GRN	OR	6	RD -
7	BRN/WHT	BRN/WHT	7	
8	BRN	BRN	8	

RJ45 RJ45

8-pin RJ45

Communications Parameters

New Device - Communications Parameters

General

Port: Ethernet

Data Handling: None

Polling Interval: 1000

Start math when start

Time Settings

Date & Time: Device Time

Date Format: MM/DD/YY

Set clock when start

Tagnames

Generate tag database using: Physical Channel Number

Login

Username: user Password:

User ID: User Function: monitor

< Back Next > Cancel Help

Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

- **Port:** This parameter specifies the port number that the remote device will use. This driver only uses the Ethernet Exclusive port (number 34150) and requires Winsock V1.1 or higher.
- **Data Handling:** This parameter specifies how the driver will return specific data values for numerical out of range and error conditions from the device. Options include None, +INF, and -INF. The default setting is None. For more information, refer to [Data Handling](#).
- **Polling Interval:** This parameter specifies a fixed time interval for all communications with a device. It can be used to prevent the driver from making excessive requests to the device, and to prevent the OPC client from forcing the driver to run at its maximum update rate.
- **Start math when start:** When checked, this option informs the driver to send a command to the device at communication startup that will start the math computation. The default setting is unchecked.
- **Date & Time:** This parameter specifies the origin of the data value of the Date and Time data types (which represent the date and time of the latest data). Options include Device Time and System Time. The default setting is Device Time. Descriptions of the options are as follows:
 - **Device Time:** When selected, the Date and Time tags will return the date and time read from the device. This date and time represents the date and time that the latest data was measured or computed based on the internal device clock.
 - **System Time:** When selected, the Date and Time tags will return the date and time that the requested data was returned from the device based on the internal system clock.
- **Date Format:** This parameter specifies the format of the return string for the Date data type. Options include MM/DD/YY (month/day/year), YY/MM/DD (year/month/day), or DD/MM/YY (day/month/year). The default setting is MM/DD/YY.
- **Set clock when start:** When checked, this option informs the driver to send a command to the device at communication startup that will set the device clock to the date and time settings of the system clock. The default setting is unchecked.
- **Generate tag database using:** This parameter specifies the origin of the tag name used when automatically generating a tag database. Options include Physical Channel Number and Device Tagname. The default setting is Physical Channel Number. Descriptions of the options are as follows:

- **Physical Channel Number:** When selected, the driver will generate tag names based on the channel number of an item. For example, "CH01" or "CH01_alarm1".
- **Device Tagname:** When selected, the driver will generate tag names using the tag name returned by the device for a channel. For example, "Flow" or "Flow_alarm1".
- **Username:** This parameter specifies the registered username. If the device is configured with the login function enabled, only users that are registered can login to the DXP. A maximum of 16 alphanumeric characters are allowed. The user name is case sensitive.

Note: Users must specify a user level in order to communicate with DXP devices regardless of whether it is configured with the login function disabled. Enter the username to indicate the user level. In this case, a password is not required.

- **Password:** This parameter specifies the username's registered password for when the device is configured with the login function enabled. A maximum of 6 alphanumeric characters are allowed.

Note: Password entry will not be displayed on the screen.

- **User ID:** This parameter specifies the unique User ID required for DXP device login. The default setting is blank.
- **User Function:** This parameter specifies the type of mode with which users will login to a DXP device. Options include Monitor and Setting. The default setting is Monitor. Descriptions of the modes are as follows:
 - **Monitor:** This mode allows users to read all accessible data while allowing full operator access to the device through the front panel of the unit.
 - **Setting:** This mode allows users to read all accessible data and to write to Read/Write accessible tags; however, the front panel of the unit will be locked. This mode should only be selected when users want to write data to the device; otherwise, users should select Monitor in order to maintain operability of the unit front panel.

Note: This setting may be changed while the server is connected.

Data Handling

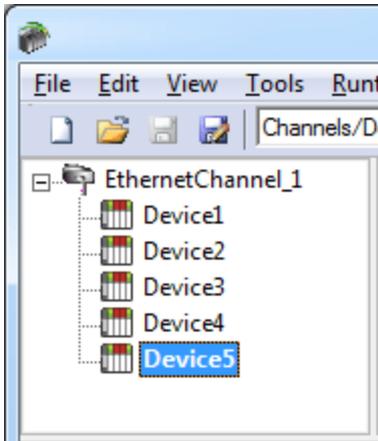
Data Handling specifies how to return specific data values for the numerical out of range and error conditions that are returned from the device. Options include None, +INF, and -INF. Descriptions of the options are as follows:

- **None:** When selected, special data values will be returned with the actual data value received from the device. For example, the data value of a measuring channel Over Range would be returned as 32,767 and the data value of a math channel Over Range would be returned as 2,147,450,879.
- **+INF:** When selected, special data values will be returned as a numerical representation of positive infinity (#INF). The exception is an Under Range condition that is always returned as negative infinity.
- **-INF:** When selected, special data values will be returned as a numerical representation of negative infinity (-#INF). The exception is an Over Range condition that is always returned as positive infinity.

Optimizing Your Ethernet Communications

The Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver has been designed to provide the best performance with the least amount of impact on the system's overall performance. While the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver is fast, there are a couple of guidelines that can be used in order to control and optimize the application and gain maximum performance.

This server refers to communications protocols like Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Device as a channel. Each channel defined in the application represents a separate path of execution in the server. Once a channel has been defined, a series of devices must then be defined under that channel. Each of these devices represents a single Ethernet device from which data will be collected. While this approach to defining the application will provide a high level of performance, it won't take full advantage of the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver or the network. An example of how the application may appear when configured using a single channel is shown below.



Each device appears under a single Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver channel. In this configuration, the driver must move from one device to the next as quickly as possible in order to gather information at an effective rate. As more devices are added or more information is requested from a single device, the overall update rate begins to suffer.

If the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver could only define one single channel, then the example shown above would be the only option available; however, the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Driver can define up to 16 channels. Using multiple channels distributes the data collection workload by simultaneously issuing multiple requests to the network. An example of how the same application may appear when configured using multiple channels to improve performance is shown below.



Each device has now been defined under its own channel. In this new configuration, a single path of execution is dedicated to the task of gathering data from each device. If the application has 16 or fewer devices, it can be optimized exactly how it is shown here.

The performance will improve even if the application has more than 16 devices. While 16 or fewer devices may be ideal, the application will still benefit from additional channels. Although spreading the device load across all channels will cause the server to move from device to device, it can now do so with far less devices to process on a single channel.

Data Types Descriptions

Data Type	Description
Boolean	Single bit
Byte	Unsigned 8 bit value
Word	Unsigned 16 bit value
Short	Signed 16 bit value
Float	32 bit floating point value
Double	64 bit floating point value
String	Null terminated ASCII string

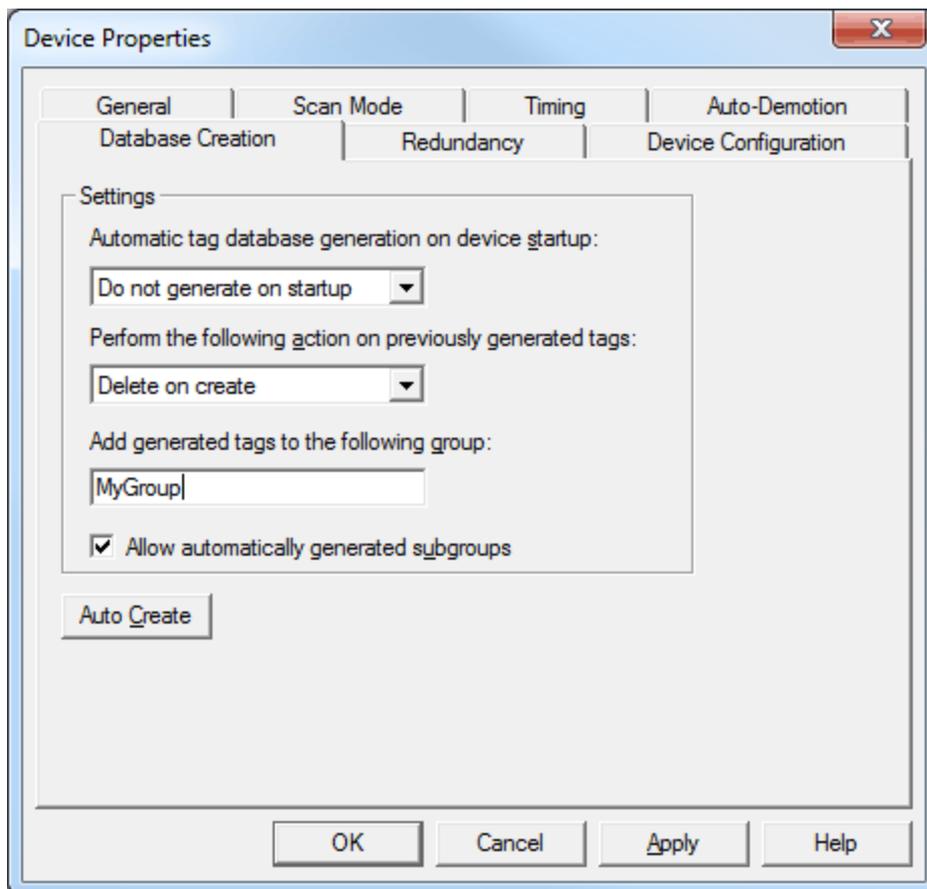
Automatic Tag Database Generation

This driver's Automatic OPC Tag Database Generation features have been designed to make configuring the OPC application a plug-and-play operation. This driver can be configured to automatically build a list of OPC tags within the OPC Server that correspond to device-specific data. The automatically-generated OPC tags can then be browsed from the OPC client.

The OPC tags that are generated depend on the nature of the driver. If the target device supports its own local tag database, the driver will read the device's tag information and then use this data to generate OPC tags within the OPC Server. If the device does not natively support its own named tags, the driver will create a list of tags based on driver-specific information. An example of these two conditions is as follows:

1. A data acquisition system that supports its own local tag database. The driver will use the tags names found in the device to build the OPC Server's OPC tags.
2. An Ethernet I/O system that supports the detection of an I/O module type. The driver will automatically generate OPC tags in the OPC Server that are based on the types of I/O modules plugged into the Ethernet I/O rack.

Automatic Tag Database Generation is completely configurable. The following dialog is used to define how the OPC Server and the associated communications driver will handle Automatic OPC Tag Database Generation:



The **Automatic Tag Database Generation on device startup** selection is used to configure when OPC tags will be automatically generated. Descriptions of the options are as follows:

- **Do not generate on startup:** This option prevents the driver from adding any OPC tags to the OPC Server's tag space. This is the default condition.
- **Always generate on startup:** This option causes the driver to always evaluate the device for tag information. OPC tags will be added to the tag space of the server each time the server is launched.
- **Generate on first startup:** This option causes the driver to evaluate the target device for tag information the first time this OPC Server project is run. OPC tags will be added to the server tag space as needed.

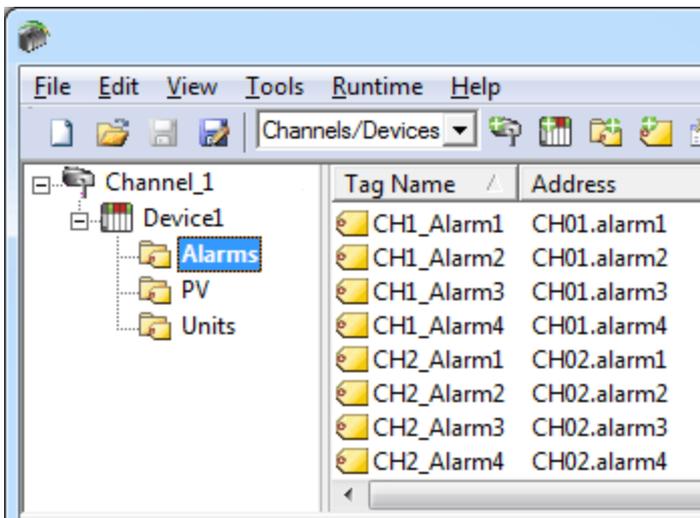
Note: Any tags that are added to the server's tag space must be saved with the project. The OPC Server project can be configured to automatically save from the **Tools | Options** menu.

When automatic tag generation is enabled, the server needs to know what to do with the OPC tags that it may have added from previous runs (or with OPC tags that have been added or modified after the communications driver added them originally). The selection **Perform the following action** controls how the server will handle OPC tags that were automatically generated and currently exist in the OPC Server project. This feature prevents automatically-generated tags from piling up in the server. In the Ethernet I/O example above, this would occur if users continued to change the I/O modules in the rack while the OPC Server was configured to always generate new OPC tags on startup. Under this condition, tags would be added to the server every time the communications driver detected a new I/O module. If the old tags are not removed, a number of unused tags could accumulate in the server's tag space. Descriptions of the selections are as follows:

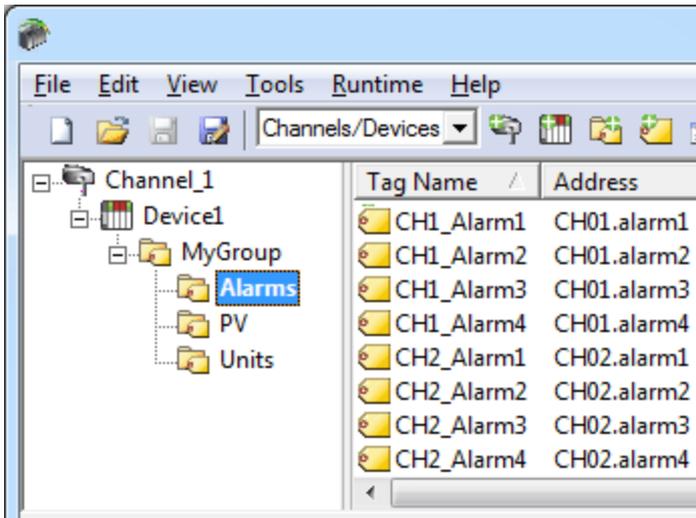
1. **Delete on create:** This option allows the server to remove any tags that had previously been added to the tag space before any new tags can be added by the communications driver. This is the default setting.
2. **Overwrite as necessary:** This option allows the server to only remove tags that the communications driver is replacing with new tags. Any tags that are not being overwritten will remain in the server's tag space.
3. **Do not overwrite:** This option prevents the server from removing any tags that had been previously generated or may have already existed in the server. With this selection, the communications driver can only add tags that are completely new.
4. **Do not overwrite, log error:** This option has the same effect as the third option, but also posts an error message in the OPC Server's Event Log when a tag overwrite would have occurred.

Note: The removal of OPC tags not only affects tags that have been automatically generated by the communications driver, but also any tags that have been added using names that match generated tags. It is recommended that users avoid adding tags to the server using names that match tags that may be automatically generated by the driver.

Add generated tags to the following group can be used to keep automatically-generated tags from mixing with tags that have been entered manually. This parameter specifies a sub group that will be used when adding all automatically-generated tags for this device. The name of the sub group can be up to 31 characters in length. The following image displays demonstrate how this parameter affects where automatically-generated tags are placed in the server's tag space. It provides a root branch to which all automatically-generated tags will be added.



No sub group specified.



Sub group named MyGroup specified.

Auto Create manually initiates the creation of automatically-generated OPC tags, and also forces the communications driver to reevaluate the device for possible tag changes. It can be accessed from the System Tags, thus allowing the OPC client application to initiate tag database creation.

Address Descriptions

Address specifications vary depending on the model in use. Select a link from the following list to obtain specific address information for the model of interest.

[DXP100 Addressing](#)

[DXP200 Addressing](#)

DXP100 Addressing

The driver supports the following addresses for this device. The default data type for each address type is indicated in **bold**.

Measured Channels

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Process Value of Channel	CHxx or CHxx.PV	01-12	Double , Float	Read Only
Alarm Summary of Channel	CHxx.Alarm	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level1 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm1	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level2 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm2	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level3 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm3	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level4 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm4	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Set and Read Level1 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP1	01-12	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level2 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP2	01-12	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level3 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP3	01-12	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level4 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP4	01-12	Double , Float	Read/Write
Upper Scale Value of Channel*	CHxx.scale_Hi	01-12	Double , Float	Read Only
Lower Scale Value of Channel*	CHxx.scale_Lo	01-12	Double , Float	Read Only
Unit String of Channel*	CHxx.unit	01-12	String	Read Only
Tagname of Channel*	CHxx.tag	01-12	String	Read Only
Status of Channel*	CHxx.status	01-12	String	Read Only
Precision of Channel*	CHxx.Precision	01-12	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Lowest Measuring Channel*	CH.Low		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Highest Measuring Channel*	CH.High		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only

Math Channels

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Process Value of Math Channel	CHxx or CHxx.PV	31-42	Double , Float	Read Only
Alarm Summary of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level1 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm1	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level2 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm2	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level3 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm3	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level4 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm4	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Set and Read Level1 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP1	31-42	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level2 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP2	31-42	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level3 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP3	31-42	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level4 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP4	31-42	Double , Float	Read/Write
Upper Scale Value of Math Channel*	CHxx.scale_Hi	31-42	Double , Float	Read Only
Lower Scale Value of Math Channel*	CHxx.scale_Lo	31-42	Double , Float	Read Only
Unit String of Math Channel*	CHxx.unit	31-42	String	Read Only
Tagname of Math Channel*	CHxx.tag	31-42	String	Read Only
Status of Math Channel*	CHxx.status	31-42	String	Read Only
Precision of Math Channel*	CHxx.Precision	31-42	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Lowest Math Channel*	CHA.Low		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Highest Math Channel*	CHA.High		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only

*Data associated with these addresses will only be read from the device at the start of a communications session. Once read, the values will not be refreshed until the server has been restarted or the Reset Tag has been invoked. To invoke a reset, a non-zero value must be written to the Reset Tag. Once the Reset Tag has been invoked, the driver will reinitialize all startup data from the device.

Alarm Setpoints

Data values for Alarm Setpoints that are undefined in the device will be returned as +INF. Data values can only be written to Alarm Setpoints that are defined in the device. Write operations to undefined Alarm Setpoints will return an error. Write operations are available only for users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, they will return an error.

Scales

Data values for Scale_Hi and Scale_Lo for channels that are skipped will be returned as +INF.

Tag Names

For devices that do not support tag names and channels that have unspecified tag names, the driver will construct an internal tag name based on the channel number. For example, the tag name of address 'CH01' will be returned as 'CH01'.

General Device Data

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Administrator Level	Admin		Boolean	Read Only
Date of Last Data	Date		String	Read Only
Time of Last Data	Time		String	Read Only
Model Name of Device	Model		String	Read Only
Host Name of Device	Hostname		String	Read Only
Serial Number of Device	SerialNumber		String	Read Only
IP Address of Device	IP		String	Read Only
Math Communication Data	CDxx	01-12	Float	Read/Write
Control Math Execution	MathControl		Short, Word, Byte	Write Only
Reset Alarms	AlarmReset		Boolean	Write Only
Control Command and Response	Command		String	Read/Write
Previous Screen	PreScreen		Boolean	Write Only
Direct Reloading of Configuration	Reset		Boolean	Write Only

Administrator Level

The Admin address type has a value of '1' or 'true' when the user has logged on at the Administrator level and a value of '0' or 'false' when the user has logged on at the User level.

Note: Administrative privileges are not allowed on DXP models.

Math Communication Data

The CD address type is only valid for devices equipped with the math option. Write operations to CD addresses for non-math equipped devices will return an error. Write operations are available only for users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, they will return an error.

Model Name of Device

The Model address type will have a string value of 'DXP100' or 'DXP200', indicating the model series returned by the device.

Control Math Execution

The MathControl address type is only available for devices equipped with the math option. Write operations to the MathControl tag for non-math equipped devices will return an error.

Control Command and Response

The Command address allows the user to send a string command and receive a string response to and from the device. This allows the user to send any command to the device, including commands not directly supported by the driver. This tag is only available to users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, write operations will return an error.

Caution: Perform Write operations using the Command address with caution.

Note 1: The actual number of addresses available for of each type depends on the configuration of the Yokogawa device. If the driver finds that an address is not present in the device at Runtime, it will post an error message and remove the tag from its scan list.

Note 2: Addresses that have Write Only access are assigned a default access of Read/Write; however, data values are unreadable for these addresses and the associated tags are not included in the scan list. The current data value for these tags will always be 0 for numeric data types and null string for string data types.

DXP200 Addressing

The driver supports the following addresses for this device. The default data type for each address type is indicated in **bold**.

Measured Channels

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Process Value of Channel	CHxx or CHxx.PV	01-30	Double , Float	Read Only
Alarm Summary of Channel	CHxx.Alarm	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level1 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm1	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level2 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm2	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level3 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm3	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level4 Status of Channel	CHxx.Alarm4	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Set and Read Level1 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP1	01-30	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level2 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP2	01-30	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level3 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP3	01-30	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level4 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP4	01-30	Double , Float	Read/Write
Upper Scale Value of Channel*	CHxx.scale_Hi	01-30	Double , Float	Read Only
Lower Scale Value of Channel*	CHxx.scale_Lo	01-30	Double , Float	Read Only
Unit String of Channel*	CHxx.unit	01-30	String	Read Only
Tagname of Channel*	CHxx.tag	01-30	String	Read Only
Status of Channel*	CHxx.status	01-30	String	Read Only
Precision of Channel*	CHxx.Precision	01-30	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Lowest Measuring Channel*	CH.Low		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Highest Measuring Channel*	CH.High		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only

Math Channels

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Process Value of Math Channel	CHxx or CHxx.PV	31-60	Double , Float	Read Only
Alarm Summary of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level1 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm1	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level2 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm2	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level3 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm3	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Alarm Level4 Status of Math Channel	CHxx.Alarm4	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Set and Read Level1 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP1	31-60	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level2 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP2	31-60	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level3 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP3	31-60	Double , Float	Read/Write
Set and Read Level4 Alarm Setpoint	CHxx.ASP4	31-60	Double , Float	Read/Write
Upper Scale Value of Math Channel*	CHxx.scale_Hi	31-60	Double , Float	Read Only
Lower Scale Value of Math Channel*	CHxx.scale_Lo	31-60	Double , Float	Read Only
Unit String of Math Channel*	CHxx.unit	31-60	String	Read Only
Tagname of Math Channel*	CHxx.tag	31-60	String	Read Only
Status of Math Channel*	CHxx.status	31-60	String	Read Only
Precision of Math Channel*	CHxx.Precision	31-60	Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Lowest Math Channel*	CHA.Low		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only
Highest Math Channel*	CHA.High		Short , Word, Byte	Read Only

*Data associated with these addresses will only be read from the device at the start of a communications session. Once read, the values will not be refreshed until the server has been restarted or the Reset Tag has been invoked. To invoke a reset, a non-zero value must be written to the Reset Tag. Once the Reset Tag has been invoked, the driver will reinitialize all startup data from the device.

Alarm Setpoints

Data values for Alarm Setpoints that are undefined in the device will be returned as +INF. Data values can only be written to Alarm Setpoints that are defined in the device. Write operations to undefined Alarm Setpoints will

return an error. Write operations are available only for users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, they will return an error.

Scales

Data values for Scale_Hi and Scale_Lo for channels that are skipped will be returned as +INF.

Tag Names

For devices that do not support tag names and channels that have unspecified tag names, the driver will construct an internal tag name based on the channel number. For example, the tag name of address 'CH01' will be returned as 'CH01'.

General Device Data

Address Type	Format	Range	Data Types	Access
Administrator Level	Admin		Boolean	Read Only
Date of Last Data	Date		String	Read Only
Time of Last Data	Time		String	Read Only
Model Name of Device	Model		String	Read Only
Math Communication Data	CDxx	01-30	Float	Read/Write
Control Math Execution	MathControl		Short, Word, Byte	Write Only
Reset Alarms	AlarmReset		Boolean	Write Only
Control Command and Response	Command		String	Read/Write
Previous Screen	PreScreen		Boolean	Write Only
Direct Reloading of Configuration	Reset		Boolean	Write Only

Administrator Level

The Admin address type has a value of '1' or 'true' when the user has logged on at the Administrator level and a value of '0' or 'false' when the user has logged on at the User level.

Note: Administrative privileges are not allowed on DXP models.

Math Communication Data

The CD address type is only valid for devices equipped with the math option. Write operations to CD addresses for non-math equipped devices will return an error. Write operations are available only for users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, they will return an error.

Model Name of Device

The Model address type will have a string value of 'DXP100' or 'DXP200', indicating the model series returned by the device.

Control Math Execution

The MathControl address type is only available for devices equipped with the math option. Write operations to the MathControl tag for non-math equipped devices will return an error.

Control Command and Response

The Command address allows the user to send a string command and receive a string response to and from the device. This allows the user to send any command to the device, including commands not directly supported by the driver. This tag is only available to users logged in at the Administrator level; otherwise, write operations will return an error.

Caution: Perform Write operations using the Command address with caution.

Note 1: The actual number of addresses available for of each type depends on the configuration of the Yokogawa device. If the driver finds that an address is not present in the device at Runtime, it will post an error message and remove the tag from its scan list.

Note 2: Addresses that have Write Only access are assigned a default access of Read/Write; however, data values are unreadable for these addresses and the associated tags are not included in the scan list. The current data value for these tags will always be 0 for numeric data types and null string for string data types.

Error Descriptions

The following error/warning messages may be generated. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Address Validation

[Address '<address>' is out of range for the specified device or register](#)

[Data Type '<type>' is not valid for device address '<address>'](#)

[Device address '<address>' contains a syntax error](#)

[Device address '<address>' is Read Only](#)

[Missing address](#)

Device Status Messages

[Device '<device name>' is not responding](#)

[Unable to write to '<address>' on device '<device name>'](#)

[Write allowed for admin level only \(Device '<device-name>', Tag '<address>'\)](#)

[Write allowed for devices with math option only \(Device '<device-name>', Tag '<address>'\)](#)

Driver Error Messages

[Winsock initialization failed \(OS Error = n\)](#)

[Winsock V1.1 or higher must be installed to use the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Device Driver](#)

Automatic Tag Database Generation Messages

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. Check username and password](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. No more logins at this user level](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' not accepted. Choose username of 'admin' or 'user'](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' responded with error '<error code>'](#)

Address Validation

The following error/warning messages may be generated. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Address Validation

[Address '<address>' is out of range for the specified device or register](#)

[Data Type '<type>' is not valid for device address '<address>'](#)

[Device address '<address>' contains a syntax error](#)

[Device address '<address>' is Read Only](#)

[Missing address](#)

Address '<address>' is out of range for the specified device or register

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A tag address that has been specified statically references a location that is beyond the range of supported locations for the device.

Solution:

Verify that the address is correct; if it is not, re-enter it in the client application.

Data Type '<type>' is not valid for device address '<address>'

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A tag address that has been specified statically has been assigned an invalid data type.

Solution:

Modify the requested data type in the client application.

Device address '<address>' contains a syntax error

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A tag address that has been specified statically contains one or more invalid characters.

Solution:

Re-enter the address in the client application.

Device address '<address>' is Read Only

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A tag address that has been specified statically has a requested access mode that is not compatible with what the device supports for that address.

Solution:

Change the access mode in the client application.

Missing address

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A tag address that has been specified statically has no length.

Solution:

Re-enter the address in the client application.

Device Status Messages

The following error/warning messages may be generated. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Device Status Messages

[Device '<device name>' is not responding](#)

[Unable to write to '<address>' on device '<device name>'.](#)

[Write allowed for admin level only \(Device '<device-name>', Tag '<address>'\)](#)

[Write allowed for devices with math option only \(Device '<device-name>', Tag '<address>'\)](#)

Device '<device name>' is not responding

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

1. The connection between the device and the Host PC is broken.
2. The IP address assigned to the device is incorrect.
3. The connection cannot be established in the specified timeout period.
4. The response from the device took longer to receive than the amount of time specified in the "Request Timeout" device setting.

Solution:

1. Verify the cabling between the PC and the PLC device.
2. Verify the IP address given to the named device matches that of the actual device.
3. Increase the Connect Timeout value in the Timeout page of Device Properties.
4. Increase the Request Timeout setting so that the entire response can be handled.

Unable to write to '<address>' on device '<device name>'

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

1. The connection between the device and the Host PC is broken.
2. The named device may have been assigned an incorrect IP address.
3. The address specified may be Read Only or may not exist in the current device.

Solution:

1. Verify the cabling between the PC and the PLC device.
2. Verify the IP address given to the named device matches that of the actual device.
3. Check address availability for the device.

Write allowed for admin level only

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The user is logged on to the named device at the user level and is attempting to write to a tag that is writeable at the administrator level only.

Solution:

Verify the user/admin level used for login.

Note:

Administrative privileges are not allowed on DXP models.

Write allowed for devices with math option only

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

A write was attempted to a tag that is available for math operations only; however, the named device is not equipped with the math option.

Solution:

Verify that the tag address exists for the device.

Driver Error Messages

The following error/warning messages may be generated. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Driver Error Messages

[Winsock initialization failed \(OS Error = n\)](#)

[Winsock V1.1 or higher must be installed to use the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Device Driver](#)

Winsock initialization failed (OS Error = n)

Error Type:

Fatal

OS Error	Indication	Possible Solution
10091	Indicates that the underlying network subsystem is not ready for network communication.	Wait a few seconds and restart the driver.
10067	Limit on the number of tasks supported by the Windows Sockets implementation has been reached.	Close one or more applications that may be using Winsock and restart the driver.

Winsock V1.1 or higher must be installed to use the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet Device Driver

Error Type:

Fatal

Possible Cause:

The version number of the Winsock DLL found on the system is less than 1.1.

Solution:

Upgrade Winsock to version 1.1 or higher.

Automatic Tag Database Generation Messages

The following error/warning messages may be generated. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Automatic Tag Database Generation Messages

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. Check username and password](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. No more logins at this user level](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' not accepted. Choose username of 'admin' or 'user'](#)

[Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' responded with error '<error code>'](#)

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. Check username and password

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

1. The username and password required for login to the device have not been specified in Device Configuration.
2. The username and password were entered incorrectly or entered in non-matching case.
3. The username and/or password specified in Device Configuration is not registered in the device.

Solution:

Re-enter the correct username and password in Device Configuration.

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. No more logins at this user level

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

There are no more users permitted to login at this user level. Other users may be connected to the device, or a connection may have been made and broken without logging off or disconnecting.

Solution:

1. Check for other user connections that are blocking connection.
2. Make sure that the Keep Alive feature for Ethernet communications is enabled in the device. This will cause the device to disconnect if there is a break in communications.

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login not accepted. Choose username of 'admin' or 'user'

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

1. The password protected login feature of the device is disabled and the username specified in Device Configuration does not contain the expected user level required for login to the device.
2. The user level was entered incorrectly or entered in non-matching case.

Solution:

Re-enter the correct user level 'user' in the username field in Device Configuration.

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' responded with error '<error code>'

Error Type:

Serious

Possible Cause:

Please see the instruction manual corresponding to the device model for an explanation of the error code.

Solution:

The solution depends on the error code. Please see the instruction manual corresponding to the device model for an explanation of the error code.

Index

A

Address '<address>' is out of range for the specified device or register.....	17
Address Descriptions.....	13
Address Validation.....	17
Automatic Tag Database Generation.....	10

B

Boolean.....	9
--------------	---

C

Communications Parameters.....	6
--------------------------------	---

D

Data Type '<type>' is not valid for device address '<address>'.....	17
Data Types Description.....	9
Device '<device name>' is not responding.....	18
Device address '<address>' contains a syntax error.....	18
Device address '<address>' is Read Only.....	18
Device ID.....	4
Device Setup.....	4
Device Status Messages.....	18
Driver Error Messages.....	19
DXP100 Addressing.....	13
DXP200 Addressing.....	15

E

Error Descriptions.....	17
-------------------------	----

F

Float 9

M

Missing address 18

N

Network 4

O

Optimizing Your Ethernet Communications 8

Overview 3

R

Request Timeout 4

Retry Attempts 4

S

Short 9

U

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. Check username and password 20

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device name>' login failed. No more logins at this user level 20

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device 20
name>' login not accepted. Choose username of 'admin' or 'user'.....

Unable to generate a tag database for device '<device name>'. Reason: Device '<device 21
name>' responded with error '<error code>'.....

Unable to write tag '<address>' on device '<device name>'..... 18

W

Winsock initialization failed (OS Error = n)..... 19

Winsock V1.1 or higher must be installed to use the Yokogawa DXP Ethernet device driver. 19

Word..... 9

Write allowed for admin level only..... 19

Write allowed for devices with math option only..... 19