

Omron FINS Serial Driver

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Omron FINS Serial Driver

Help version 1.054

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Overview

The Omron FINS Serial Driver provides a reliable way to connect Omron FINS serial devices to OPC client applications; including HMI, SCADA, Historian, MES, ERP, and countless custom applications.

Setup

This driver supports the FINS protocol via the Sysmac Way: Host Link Interface.

● For a current list of models that support the Sysmac Way: Host Link Interface (reference: Omron's CX-Server Runtime - User Manual), refer to the manufacturer's website.

Communication Protocol

Omron FINS

Supported Communication Parameters

Baud Rate: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 bps

Parity: Even, Odd, or None

Data Bits: 7 or 8

Stop Bits: 1 or 2

Ethernet Encapsulation

This driver supports Ethernet Encapsulation, which allows the driver to communicate with serial devices attached to an Ethernet network using a terminal server. It may be set through channel properties. For more information, refer to the server's help documentation.

Flow Control

When using an RS232/RS485 converter, the type of flow control that is required depends on the needs of the converter. Some converters do not require any flow control whereas others require RTS flow. To determine the converter's flow requirements, refer to its documentation. An RS485 converter that provides automatic flow control is recommended.

● Notes:

- When using the manufacturer's supplied communications cable, it is sometimes necessary to choose a flow control setting of RTS or RTS Always in channel properties.
- When running on platforms that do not enforce proper flow control, users may need to set the flow control in the server's communications settings.

Channel Properties

Device Properties

Channel Properties

This server supports the use of simultaneous multiple communications drivers. Each protocol or driver used in a server project is called a channel. A server project may consist of many channels with the same communications driver or with unique communications drivers. A channel acts as the basic building block of an OPC link.

The properties associated with a channel are broken in to logical groupings. While some groups are specific to a given driver or protocol, the following are the common groups:

General

Ethernet or Serial Communications

Write Optimization

Advanced

Channel Properties — General

This server supports the use of simultaneous multiple communications drivers. Each protocol or driver used in a server project is called a channel. A server project may consist of many channels with the same communications driver or with unique communications drivers. A channel acts as the basic building block of an OPC link. This group is used to specify general channel properties, such as the identification attributes and operating mode.

<table border="1"> <tr><td>Property Groups</td></tr> <tr><td>General</td></tr> <tr><td>Write Optimizations</td></tr> <tr><td>Advanced</td></tr> </table>	Property Groups	General	Write Optimizations	Advanced	<table border="1"> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/> Identification</td></tr> <tr><td>Name</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Description</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Driver</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/> Diagnostics</td></tr> <tr><td>Diagnostics Capture</td><td>Disable</td></tr> </table>	<input type="checkbox"/> Identification	Name		Description		Driver		<input type="checkbox"/> Diagnostics	Diagnostics Capture	Disable
Property Groups															
General															
Write Optimizations															
Advanced															
<input type="checkbox"/> Identification															
Name															
Description															
Driver															
<input type="checkbox"/> Diagnostics															
Diagnostics Capture	Disable														

Identification

Name: User-defined identity of this channel. In each server project, each channel name must be unique. Although names can be up to 256 characters, some client applications have a limited display window when browsing the OPC server's tag space. The channel name is part of the OPC browser information.

• For information on reserved characters, refer to "How To... Properly Name a Channel, Device, Tag, and Tag Group" in the server help.

Description: User-defined information about this channel.

• Many of these properties, including Description, have an associated system tag.

Driver: Selected protocol / driver for this channel. This property specifies the device driver that was selected during channel creation. It is a disabled setting in the channel properties.

• **Note:** With the server's online full-time operation, these properties can be changed at any time. This includes changing the channel name to prevent clients from registering data with the server. If a client has already acquired an item from the server before the channel name is changed, the items are unaffected. If, after the channel name has been changed, the client application releases the item and attempts to re-acquire using the old channel name, the item is not accepted. With this in mind, changes to the properties should not be made once a large client application has been developed. Utilize the User Manager to prevent operators from changing properties and restrict access rights to server features.

Diagnostics

Diagnostics Capture: When enabled, this option makes the channel's diagnostic information available to OPC applications. Because the server's diagnostic features require a minimal amount of overhead processing, it is recommended that they be utilized when needed and disabled when not. The default is disabled.

• **Note:** This property is disabled if the driver does not support diagnostics.

• For more information, refer to "Communication Diagnostics" in the server help.

Channel Properties — Serial Communications

Serial communication properties are available to serial drivers and vary depending on the driver, connection type, and options selected. Below is a superset of the possible properties.

Click to jump to one of the sections: [Connection Type](#), [Serial Port Settings](#) or [Ethernet Settings](#), and [Operational Behavior](#).

Note: With the server's online full-time operation, these properties can be changed at any time. Utilize the User Manager to restrict access rights to server features, as changes made to these properties can temporarily disrupt communications.

Property Groups	<input type="checkbox"/> Connection Type Physical Medium COM Port ▼ Shared No	
General	<input type="checkbox"/> Serial Port Settings COM ID 6 Baud Rate 9600 Data Bits 8 Parity Even Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	
Serial Communications	<input type="checkbox"/> Operational Behavior Report Comm. Errors Enable Close Idle Connection Enable Idle Time to Close (s) 15	
Write Optimizations		
Advanced		
Communication Serialization		

Connection Type

Physical Medium: Choose the type of hardware device for data communications. Options include COM Port, None, Modem, and Ethernet Encapsulation. The default is COM Port.

- **None:** Select None to indicate there is no physical connection, which displays the [Operation with no Communications](#) section.
- **COM Port:** Select Com Port to display and configure the [Serial Port Settings](#) section.
- **Modem:** Select Modem if phone lines are used for communications, which are configured in the [Modem Settings](#) section.
- **Ethernet Encap.:** Select if Ethernet Encapsulation is used for communications, which displays the [Ethernet Settings](#) section.
- **Shared:** Verify the connection is correctly identified as sharing the current configuration with another channel. This is a read-only property.

Serial Port Settings

COM ID: Specify the Communications ID to be used when communicating with devices assigned to the channel. The valid range is 1 to 9991 to 16. The default is 1.

Baud Rate: Specify the baud rate to be used to configure the selected communications port.


Data Bits: Specify the number of data bits per data word. Options include 5, 6, 7, or 8.

Parity: Specify the type of parity for the data. Options include Odd, Even, or None.

Stop Bits: Specify the number of stop bits per data word. Options include 1 or 2.

Flow Control: Select how the RTS and DTR control lines are utilized. Flow control is required to communicate with some serial devices. Options are:


- **None:** This option does not toggle or assert control lines.
- **DTR:** This option asserts the DTR line when the communications port is opened and remains on.
- **RTS:** This option specifies that the RTS line is high if bytes are available for transmission. After all buffered bytes have been sent, the RTS line is low. This is normally used with RS232/RS485 converter hardware.
- **RTS, DTR:** This option is a combination of DTR and RTS.
- **RTS Always:** This option asserts the RTS line when the communication port is opened and remains on.
- **RTS Manual:** This option asserts the RTS line based on the timing properties entered for RTS Line Control. It is only available when the driver supports manual RTS line control (or when the properties are shared and at least one of the channels belongs to a driver that provides this support).
RTS Manual adds an **RTS Line Control** property with options as follows:
 - **Raise:** This property specifies the amount of time that the RTS line is raised prior to data transmission. The valid range is 0 to 9999 milliseconds. The default is 10 milliseconds.
 - **Drop:** This property specifies the amount of time that the RTS line remains high after data transmission. The valid range is 0 to 9999 milliseconds. The default is 10 milliseconds.
 - **Poll Delay:** This property specifies the amount of time that polling for communications is delayed. The valid range is 0 to 9999. The default is 10 milliseconds.

 **Tip:** When using two-wire RS-485, "echoes" may occur on the communication lines. Since this communication does not support echo suppression, it is recommended that echoes be disabled or a RS-485 converter be used.


Operational Behavior

- **Report Comm. Errors:** Enable or disable reporting of low-level communications errors. When enabled, low-level errors are posted to the Event Log as they occur. When disabled, these same errors are not posted even though normal request failures are. The default is Enable.
- **Close Idle Connection:** Choose to close the connection when there are no longer any tags being referenced by a client on the channel. The default is Enable.
- **Idle Time to Close:** Specify the amount of time that the server waits once all tags have been removed before closing the COM port. The default is 15 seconds.

Ethernet Settings

 **Note:** Not all serial drivers support Ethernet Encapsulation. If this group does not appear, the functionality is not supported.

Ethernet Encapsulation provides communication with serial devices connected to terminal servers on the Ethernet network. A terminal server is essentially a virtual serial port that converts TCP/IP messages on the Ethernet network to serial data. Once the message has been converted, users can connect standard devices that support serial communications to the terminal server. The terminal server's serial port must be properly configured to match the requirements of the serial device to which it is attached. *For more information, refer to "How To... Use Ethernet Encapsulation" in the server help.*

- **Network Adapter:** Indicate a network adapter to bind for Ethernet devices in this channel. Choose a network adapter to bind to or allow the OS to select the default.
 -  *Specific drivers may display additional Ethernet Encapsulation properties. For more information, refer to Channel Properties - Ethernet Encapsulation.*

Modem Settings

- **Modem:** Specify the installed modem to be used for communications.
- **Connect Timeout:** Specify the amount of time to wait for connections to be established before failing a read or write. The default is 60 seconds.
- **Modem Properties:** Configure the modem hardware. When clicked, it opens vendor-specific modem properties.
- **Auto-Dial:** Enables the automatic dialing of entries in the Phonebook. The default is Disable. *For more information, refer to "Modem Auto-Dial" in the server help.*
- **Report Comm. Errors:** Enable or disable reporting of low-level communications errors. When enabled, low-level errors are posted to the Event Log as they occur. When disabled, these same errors are not posted even though normal request failures are. The default is Enable.
- **Close Idle Connection:** Choose to close the modem connection when there are no longer any tags being referenced by a client on the channel. The default is Enable.
- **Idle Time to Close:** Specify the amount of time that the server waits once all tags have been removed before closing the modem connection. The default is 15 seconds.

Operation with no Communications

- **Read Processing:** Select the action to be taken when an explicit device read is requested. Options include Ignore and Fail. Ignore does nothing; Fail provides the client with an update that indicates failure. The default setting is Ignore.

Channel Properties — Write Optimizations

As with any OPC server, writing data to the device may be the application's most important aspect. The server intends to ensure that the data written from the client application gets to the device on time. Given this goal, the server provides optimization properties that can be used to meet specific needs or improve application responsiveness.

Property Groups	<input type="checkbox"/> Write Optimizations	
General	Optimization Method	Write Only Latest Value for All Tags
Write Optimizations	Duty Cycle	10

Write Optimizations

Optimization Method: controls how write data is passed to the underlying communications driver. The options are:

- **Write All Values for All Tags:** This option forces the server to attempt to write every value to the controller. In this mode, the server continues to gather write requests and add them to the server's internal write queue. The server processes the write queue and attempts to empty it by writing data to the device as quickly as possible. This mode ensures that everything written from the client applications is sent to the target device. This mode should be selected if the write operation order or the write item's content must uniquely be seen at the target device.
- **Write Only Latest Value for Non-Boolean Tags:** Many consecutive writes to the same value can accumulate in the write queue due to the time required to actually send the data to the device. If the server updates a write value that has already been placed in the write queue, far fewer writes are

needed to reach the same final output value. In this way, no extra writes accumulate in the server's queue. When the user stops moving the slide switch, the value in the device is at the correct value at virtually the same time. As the mode states, any value that is not a Boolean value is updated in the server's internal write queue and sent to the device at the next possible opportunity. This can greatly improve the application performance.

● **Note:** This option does not attempt to optimize writes to Boolean values. It allows users to optimize the operation of HMI data without causing problems with Boolean operations, such as a momentary push button.

- **Write Only Latest Value for All Tags:** This option takes the theory behind the second optimization mode and applies it to all tags. It is especially useful if the application only needs to send the latest value to the device. This mode optimizes all writes by updating the tags currently in the write queue before they are sent. This is the default mode.

Duty Cycle: is used to control the ratio of write to read operations. The ratio is always based on one read for every one to ten writes. The duty cycle is set to ten by default, meaning that ten writes occur for each read operation. Although the application is performing a large number of continuous writes, it must be ensured that read data is still given time to process. A setting of one results in one read operation for every write operation. If there are no write operations to perform, reads are processed continuously. This allows optimization for applications with continuous writes versus a more balanced back and forth data flow.

● **Note:** It is recommended that the application be characterized for compatibility with the write optimization enhancements before being used in a production environment.

Channel Properties — Advanced

This group is used to specify advanced channel properties. Not all drivers support all properties; so the Advanced group does not appear for those devices.

Property Groups	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Normalized Float Handling	
General	Floating-Point Values	Replace with Zero
Write Optimizations	<input type="checkbox"/> Inter-Device Delay	
Advanced	Inter-Device Delay (ms)	0

Non-Normalized Float Handling: A non-normalized value is defined as Infinity, Not-a-Number (NaN), or as a Denormalized Number. The default is Replace with Zero. Drivers that have native float handling may default to Unmodified. Non-normalized float handling allows users to specify how a driver handles non-normalized IEEE-754 floating point data. Descriptions of the options are as follows:

- **Replace with Zero:** This option allows a driver to replace non-normalized IEEE-754 floating point values with zero before being transferred to clients.
- **Unmodified:** This option allows a driver to transfer IEEE-754 denormalized, normalized, non-number, and infinity values to clients without any conversion or changes.

● **Note:** This property is disabled if the driver does not support floating point values or if it only supports the option that is displayed. According to the channel's float normalization setting, only real-time driver tags (such as values and arrays) are subject to float normalization. For example, EFM data is not affected by this setting.

● *For more information on the floating point values, refer to "How To ... Work with Non-Normalized Floating Point Values" in the server help.*

Inter-Device Delay: Specify the amount of time the communications channel waits to send new requests to the next device after data is received from the current device on the same channel. Zero (0) disables the delay.

● **Note:** This property is not available for all drivers, models, and dependent settings.

Driver Device Properties

Device properties are organized into groups. Click on a link below for details about the settings in that group.

[Identification](#)

[Operating Mode](#)

[Scan Mode](#)

[Communication Timeouts](#)

[Auto-Demotion](#)

[Run Mode Settings](#)

[Communications Parameters](#)

[Redundancy](#)

Device Properties — Identification

Property Groups		
General	[-] Identification	
Scan Mode	Name	Omron FINS Serial
Timing	Description	
Auto-Demotion	Channel Assignment	Omron FINS Serial
Run Mode Settings	Driver	Omron FINS Serial
Communication Parameters	Model	C200
Redundancy	ID	0.0.0
	[-] Operating Mode	
	Data Collection	Enable
	Simulated	No

Name: User-defined identity of this device.

Description: User-defined information about this device.

Channel Assignment: User-defined name of the channel to which this device currently belongs.

Driver: Selected protocol driver for this device.

Model: The specific version of the device. *For a list of models that support the FINS Communications Service, refer to the manufacturer's website.*

ID: The ID specifies the three-layer network address that uniquely identifies the target device. The format of the ID is *UU.AAA.NNN*, where:

- **UU:** Unit Number of the Host Link Unit used for PC interface (0 to 31 decimal).
- **AAA:** FINS Destination Network Address (0 to 127 decimal).
- **NNN:** FINS Destination Node Number (0 to 254 decimal).

● For more information, refer to [FINS Networks](#).

● See Also: [Operating Mode](#).

Device Properties — Operating Mode

Property Groups	Identification	
General	Name	
Scan Mode	Description	
	Channel Assignment	
	Driver	
	Model	
	ID Format	Decimal
	ID	2
	Operating Mode	
	Data Collection	Enable
	Simulated	No

Data Collection: This property controls the device's active state. Although device communications are enabled by default, this property can be used to disable a physical device. Communications are not attempted when a device is disabled. From a client standpoint, the data is marked as invalid and write operations are not accepted. This property can be changed at any time through this property or the device system tags.

Simulated: This option places the device into Simulation Mode. In this mode, the driver does not attempt to communicate with the physical device, but the server continues to return valid OPC data. Simulated stops physical communications with the device, but allows OPC data to be returned to the OPC client as valid data. While in Simulation Mode, the server treats all device data as reflective: whatever is written to the simulated device is read back and each OPC item is treated individually. The item's memory map is based on the group Update Rate. The data is not saved if the server removes the item (such as when the server is reinitialized). The default is No.

● **Notes:**

1. This System tag (`_Simulated`) is read only and cannot be written to for runtime protection. The System tag allows this property to be monitored from the client.
2. In Simulation mode, the item's memory map is based on client update rate(s) (Group Update Rate for OPC clients or Scan Rate for native and DDE interfaces). This means that two clients that reference the same item with different update rates return different data.

● Simulation Mode is for test and simulation purposes only. It should never be used in a production environment.

Device Properties — Scan Mode

The Scan Mode specifies the subscribed-client requested scan rate for tags that require device communications. Synchronous and asynchronous device reads and writes are processed as soon as possible; unaffected by the Scan Mode properties.

Property Groups	[-] Scan Mode	
General	Scan Mode	Respect Client-Specified Scan Rate ▾
Scan Mode	Initial Updates from Cache	Disable

Scan Mode: specifies how tags in the device are scanned for updates sent to subscribed clients.

Descriptions of the options are:

- **Respect Client-Specified Scan Rate:** This mode uses the scan rate requested by the client.
- **Request Data No Faster than Scan Rate:** This mode specifies the maximum scan rate to be used. The valid range is 10 to 99999990 milliseconds. The default is 1000 milliseconds.
 - **Note:** When the server has an active client and items for the device and the scan rate value is increased, the changes take effect immediately. When the scan rate value is decreased, the changes do not take effect until all client applications have been disconnected.
- **Request All Data at Scan Rate:** This mode forces tags to be scanned at the specified rate for subscribed clients. The valid range is 10 to 99999990 milliseconds. The default is 1000 milliseconds.
- **Do Not Scan, Demand Poll Only:** This mode does not periodically poll tags that belong to the device nor perform a read to get an item's initial value once it becomes active. It is the client's responsibility to poll for updates, either by writing to the `_DemandPoll` tag or by issuing explicit device reads for individual items. *For more information, refer to "Device Demand Poll" in server help.*
- **Respect Tag-Specified Scan Rate:** This mode forces static tags to be scanned at the rate specified in their static configuration tag properties. Dynamic tags are scanned at the client-specified scan rate.

Initial Updates from Cache: When enabled, this option allows the server to provide the first updates for newly activated tag references from stored (cached) data. Cache updates can only be provided when the new item reference shares the same address, scan rate, data type, client access, and scaling properties. A device read is used for the initial update for the first client reference only. The default is disabled; any time a client activates a tag reference the server attempts to read the initial value from the device.

Device Properties — Timing

The device Timing properties allow the driver's response to error conditions to be tailored to fit the application's needs. In many cases, the environment requires changes to these properties for optimum performance. Factors such as electrically generated noise, modem delays, and poor physical connections can influence how many errors or timeouts a communications driver encounters. Timing properties are specific to each configured device.

Property Groups	[-] Communication Timeouts	
General	Connect Timeout (s)	3
Scan Mode	Request Timeout (ms)	5000
Timing	Retry Attempts	3
Auto-Demotion	[-] Timing	
	Inter-Request Delay (ms)	0

Communications Timeouts

Connect Timeout: This property (which is used primarily by Ethernet based drivers) controls the amount of time required to establish a socket connection to a remote device. The device's connection time often takes longer than normal communications requests to that same device. The valid range is 1 to 30 seconds. The

default is typically 3 seconds, but can vary depending on the driver's specific nature. If this setting is not supported by the driver, it is disabled.

● **Note:** Due to the nature of UDP connections, the connection timeout setting is not applicable when communicating via UDP.

Request Timeout: This property specifies an interval used by all drivers to determine how long the driver waits for a response from the target device to complete. The valid range is 50 to 9,999,999 milliseconds (167.6667 minutes). The default is usually 1000 milliseconds, but can vary depending on the driver. The default timeout for most serial drivers is based on a baud rate of 9600 baud or better. When using a driver at lower baud rates, increase the timeout to compensate for the increased time required to acquire data.

Attempts Before Timeout: This property specifies how many times the driver issues a communications request before considering the request to have failed and the device to be in error. The valid range is 1 to 10. The default is typically 3, but can vary depending on the driver's specific nature. The number of attempts configured for an application depends largely on the communications environment. This property applies to both connection attempts and request attempts.

Timing

Inter-Request Delay: This property specifies how long the driver waits before sending the next request to the target device. It overrides the normal polling frequency of tags associated with the device, as well as one-time reads and writes. This delay can be useful when dealing with devices with slow turnaround times and in cases where network load is a concern. Configuring a delay for a device affects communications with all other devices on the channel. It is recommended that users separate any device that requires an inter-request delay to a separate channel if possible. Other communications properties (such as communication serialization) can extend this delay. The valid range is 0 to 300,000 milliseconds; however, some drivers may limit the maximum value due to a function of their particular design. The default is 0, which indicates no delay between requests with the target device.

● **Note:** Not all drivers support Inter-Request Delay. This setting does not appear if it is not available.

Device Properties — Auto-Demotion

The Auto-Demotion properties can temporarily place a device off-scan in the event that a device is not responding. By placing a non-responsive device offline for a specific time period, the driver can continue to optimize its communications with other devices on the same channel. After the time period has been reached, the driver re-attempts to communicate with the non-responsive device. If the device is responsive, the device is placed on-scan; otherwise, it restarts its off-scan time period.

Property Groups	Auto-Demotion	
General	Demote on Failure	Enable
Scan Mode	Timeouts to Demote	3
Timing	Demotion Period (ms)	10000
Auto-Demotion	Discard Requests when Demoted	Disable

Demote on Failure: When enabled, the device is automatically taken off-scan until it is responding again.

● **Tip:** Determine when a device is off-scan by monitoring its demoted state using the `_AutoDemoted` system tag.

Timeouts to Demote: Specify how many successive cycles of request timeouts and retries occur before the device is placed off-scan. The valid range is 1 to 30 successive failures. The default is 3.

Demotion Period: Indicate how long the device should be placed off-scan when the timeouts value is reached. During this period, no read requests are sent to the device and all data associated with the read requests are set to bad quality. When this period expires, the driver places the device on-scan and allows for another attempt at communications. The valid range is 100 to 3600000 milliseconds. The default is 10000 milliseconds.

Discard Requests when Demoted: Select whether or not write requests should be attempted during the off-scan period. Disable to always send write requests regardless of the demotion period. Enable to discard writes; the server automatically fails any write request received from a client and does not post a message to the Event Log.

Device Properties — Run Mode Settings

This group specifies the driver's behavior when the device makes writes to Timer Status and Counter Status while in Run Mode

Property Groups	[-] Run Mode Settings	
Run Mode Settings	CS and TS Writes	Set PLC to Monitor Mode, Perform Write
Communication Parameters		

CS and TS Writes: Select how the device performs writes in Run mode. The default setting is Fail Write, Log Message.

- **Fail Write, Log Message:** This option posts a message to the Event Log when the Write command fails.
- **Set PLC to Monitor Mode, Perform Write:** This option changes the PLC to Monitor Mode before performing the write.
- **Set PLC to Monitor Mode, Write, Reset to Run:** This option changes the PLC to Monitor Mode before performing the write. Once complete, the PLC is reset to Run mode.

Device Properties — Communication Parameters

Property Groups	[-] Communication Parameters	
Communication Parameters	Request Size (bytes)	512

Request Size: Specifies the number of bytes that may be requested from a device at one time. To refine the driver's performance, set the Request Size to one of the following settings: 32, 64, 128, 256, or 512 bytes. The default setting is 512 bytes.

● **Note:** Because this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are four bytes transmitted for each Word, Short, and BCD. Eight bytes are transmitted for each DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float.

Device Properties — Redundancy

Property Groups	<input type="checkbox"/> Redundancy	
General	Secondary Path	...
Scan Mode	Operating Mode	Switch On Failure
Timing	Monitor Item	
Redundancy	Monitor Interval (s)	300
	Return to Primary ASAP	Yes

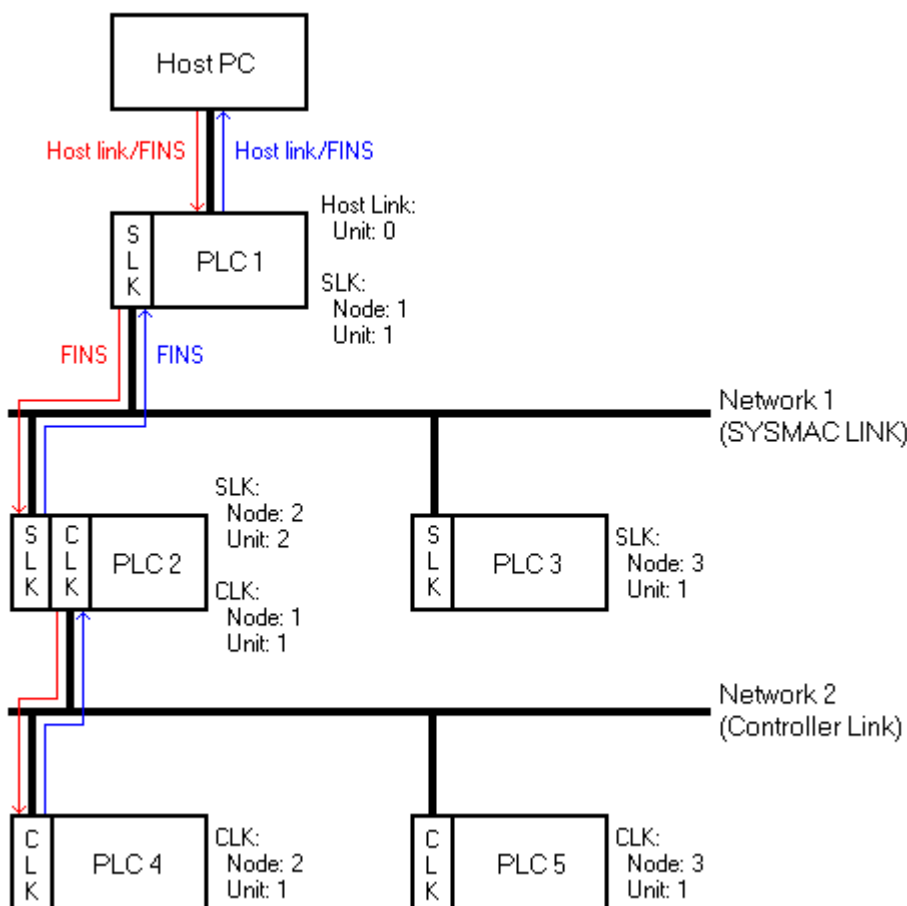
Redundancy is available with the Media-Level Redundancy Plug-In.

● Consult the website, a sales representative, or the user manual for more information.

FINS Networks

The FINS communications service was developed by Omron to provide a consistent way for PLCs and computers on various networks to communicate. Compatible network types include Ethernet, Host Link, Controller Link, SYSMAC LINK, SYSMAC WAY, and Toolbus. FINS allows communications between nodes up to three network levels. Direct links between a PC and a PLC via Host link is not counted as a network layer.

The diagram below shows a FINS network comprised of interconnected SYSMAC LINK and Controller Link networks, and serves as an example for the following discussion. FINS allows communication between any pair of devices in the diagram. PLC 1 serves as the host computer's Host Link interface to network 1. PLC 2 serves as a gateway between the networks 1 and 2. The Host PC sends a data request command (shown in red) to PLC 4 via PLC 1 and 2. The response is shown in blue. In principle, PLC 4 or 5 could act as a gateway to a third network layer that could also be reached by the Host PC.



FINS Messages

FINS messages contain two parts: a header and a data portion. The header contains source and destination information, among other things. The data portion contains command codes and optional command parameters. The six source and destination parameters contained in the header are as follows:

- **DNA:** Destination Network Address.
- **DA1:** Destination Node Number.
- **DA2:** Destination Module Address.

- **SNA:** Source Network Address.
- **SA1:** Source Node Number.
- **SA2:** Source Module Address.

This driver sets DA2 and SA2 to zero, meaning that communications is between the host computer and the destination node's CPU module. This driver also sets SNA and SA1 to zero to indicate that communication is through the Host Link port of the interface device. The interface device (PLC 1) resets SNA and SA1 as needed when forwarding messages to other PLCs.

Host Link Communications

This driver is able to communicate with any FINS compatible device with a Host Link port. That device can then process a given FINS command if it is the destination node, or relay the message to another device if it is not. In the figure above, is desired to send a data request from the Host PC to PLC 4. The driver constructs a FINS data request message with appropriate source and destination parameters set in the header, encapsulates that message in a Host Link wrapper, and sends it off to PLC 1. PLC 1 then examines the FINS message header and determines that node 2 on network 2 (PLC 4) is the intended destination. By referring to its routing tables, PLC 1 determines that the message must be sent to the gateway device PLC 2 in order to reach the destination node on network 2. Since PLC 2 is not on a Host Link network, the Host Link wrapper is removed. PLC 2 in turn sends the message to PLC 4, which sends its reply back to the Host PC via PLC 2 and 1. PLC 1 wraps the FINS response in a Host Link wrapper, which this driver can recognize and process.

For this example, the server must be configured as follows:

1. To start, create a channel that uses this driver. Then, create a device that represents the destination node (PLC 4).
2. Next, set the Device ID. The Host Link unit number of interface device is 0, the FINS destination network address (DNA) is 2, and the FINS destination node number (DA1) is 2. Therefore, the Device ID in this example is 0.2.2.

● **Note:** As previously mentioned, SNA, SA1, SA2 and DA2 are automatically set to zero by the driver.

3. Similar device objects must be created for PLC 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Routing Tables

With multi-level networks, additional information must be programmed into the PLCs so they can send messages to other nodes in the system. This is accomplished using FINS routing tables. FINS routing tables come in two varieties: Local and Remote. Local routing tables associate a network number with one of the communication modules or Special Input/Output Units (SIOU) installed in the PLC's rack. Remote routing tables instruct how to reach one of the next network levels. The routing tables for this example would appear as follows:

PLC 1 (Local)

Network Number	Unit
1	1

Since PLC 1 is only connected to the SYSMAC LINK network, it only has one entry in its local routing table.

PLC 1 (Remote)

Remote Network Number	Relay Network	Relay Node
2	1	2

Network 2 is a remote network for PLC 1. To send a message to a node on network 2, PLC 1 must send that message to a relay node (or gateway) on one of its local networks. This local network is called the relay network, and must be network 1 in this example. The SYSMAC LINK module in the gateway (PLC 2) is node number 2. Thus, the relay node for PLC 1 is 2.

PLC 2 (Local)

Network Number	Unit
1	2
2	1

There are two local networks for PLC 2. The SYSMACK LINK and Controller Link network numbers are assigned as 1 and 2 respectively. The SYSMAC LINK and Controller Link modules are assigned unit numbers 2 and 1 respectively. The network node number of each of these modules is configured by the user, and must be unique within its associated network. In this example, both of the communications modules in PLC 2 could be called node 10 because they are on different networks.

PLC 3 (Local)

Network Number	Unit
1	1

The local routing table for PLC 3 has only one entry, because the device is only connected to network 1.

PLC 3 (Remote)

Remote Network Number	Relay Network	Relay Node
2	1	2

Network 2 is a remote network for PLC 3. Like PLC 1, the relay network is 1, and the relay node is 2 (the SLK module of the gateway device PLC 2).


Routing tables for PLC 4 and 5 must appear like the following. In this example, they are the same because the Controller Link modules in both PLCs are unit number 1. These modules must be assigned node numbers that are unique in network 2.

PLC 4 and 5 (Local)

Network Number	Unit
2	1

PLC 4 and 5 (Remote)

Remote Network Number	Relay Network	Relay Node
1	2	1

 For more information, refer to the Omron documentation.

Data Types Description

Data Type	Description
Boolean	Single bit
Short	Signed 16-bit value bit 0 is the low bit bit 14 is the high bit bit 15 is the sign bit
Word	Unsigned 16-bit value bit 0 is the low bit bit 15 is the high bit
Long	Signed 32-bit value bit 0 is the low bit bit 30 is the high bit bit 31 is the sign bit
DWord	Unsigned 32-bit value bit 0 is the low bit bit 31 is the high bit
Float	32-bit real
BCD	Two byte packed BCD Value range is 0-9999. Behavior is undefined for values beyond this range.
LBCD	Four byte packed BCD Value range is 0-99999999. Behavior is undefined for values beyond this range.
String	Null-terminated ASCII string. Support includes string lengths up to 256 characters, and selection of HiLo byte order, LoHi byte order, Only High byte and Only Low byte.

Address Descriptions

Address specifications vary depending on the model in use. Select a link from the following list to obtain specific address information for the model of interest.

[C200H Addressing](#)

[C500 Addressing](#)

[C1000H Addressing](#)

[C2000H Addressing](#)

[CV500 Addressing](#)

[CV1000 Addressing](#)

[CV2000 Addressing](#)

[CVM1-CPU01 Addressing](#)

[CVM1-CPU11 Addressing](#)

[CVM1-CPU21 Addressing](#)

[CS1 Addressing](#)

[CJ1 Addressing](#)

[CJ2 Addressing](#)

C200H Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	AR00-AR27 AR00-AR26 ARxx.00-ARxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	AR00.056H-AR27.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	AR00.056L-AR27.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	AR00.028D-AR27.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	AR00.028E-AR27.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	DM0000-DM6655 DM0000-DM6654 DMxxxx.00-DMxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
		Boolean	
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	DM0000.256H-DM6655.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	DM0000.256L-DM6655.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	DM0000.128D-DM6655.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	DM0000.128E-DM6655.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	EM0000-EM6143 EM0000-EM6142 EMxxxx.00-EMxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	EM0000.256H-EM6143.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	EM0000.256L-EM6143.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	EM0000.128D-EM6143.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	EM0000.128E-EM6143.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	EM00:0000-EM07:6143 EM00:0000-EM07:6142 EMx:x.00-EMxx:xxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	EM00:0000.256H-EM07:6143.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	EM00:0000.256L-EM07:6143.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	EM00:0000.128D-EM07:6143.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	EM00:0000.128E-EM07:6143.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	HR00-HR99 HR00-HR98 HRxx.00-HRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with HiLo byte order	HR00.200H-HR99.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with LoHi byte order	HR00.200L-HR99.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	HR00.100D-HR99.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	HR00.100E-HR99.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay	IR000-IR511 IR000-IR510 IRxxx.00-IRxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with HiLo byte order	IR000.256H-IR511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string	IR000.256L-IR511.002L	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with LoHi byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	IR000.128D-IR511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	IR000.128E-IR511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays	LR00-LR63 LR00-LR62 LRxx.00-LRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Link Relay as string with HiLo byte order	LR00.128H-LR63.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relay as string with LoHi byte order	LR00.128L-LR63.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	LR00.064D-LR63.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	LR00.064E-LR63.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer/Counter	TC000-TC511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with HiLo byte order	TC000.256H-TC511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with LoHi byte order	TC000.256L-TC511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	TC000.128D-TC511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	TC000.128E-TC511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter Status	TS000-TS511	Boolean	Read/Write

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

Note: Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The C200H model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at DM1000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
DM1000.100H
2. To address a string starting at DM1100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
DM1100.078L
3. To address a string starting at DM2000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
DM2000.055D
4. To address a string starting at DM2200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
DM2200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

DMxxxx [rows] [cols]

DMxxxx [cols] – (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords DM0 and DM1 overlap at word DM1. Thus, writing to DM0 also modifies the value held in DM1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use DM0, DM2, DM4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

C500 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

🔗 For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Data Memory	DM000-DM511 DM000-DM510 DMxxx.00-DMxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	DM000.256H-DM511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	256 chars		
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	DM000.256L-DM511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	DM000.128D-DM511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	DM000.128E-DM511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	HR00-HR31 HR00-HR30 HRxx.00-HRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with HiLo byte order	HR00.064H-HR31.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with LoHi byte order	HR00.064L-HR31.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	HR00.032D-HR31.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 32 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	HR00.032E-HR31.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 32 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay	IR00-IR63 IR00-IR62 IRxx.00-IRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with HiLo byte order	IR00.128H-IR63.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with LoHi byte order	IR00.128L-IR63.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string	IR00.064D-IR63.001D	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Using Only the High Order byte of each word	.l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars		
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	IR00.064E-IR63.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays	LR00-LR31 LR00-LR30 LRxx.00-LRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Link Relays as string with HiLo byte order	LR00.064H-LR31.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string with LoHi byte order	LR00.064L-LR31.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	LR00.032D-LR31.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 32 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	LR00.032E-LR31.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 32 chars	String	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer/Counter	TC000-TC127	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with HiLo byte order	TC000.256H-TC127.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with LoHi byte order	TC000.256L-TC127.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	TC000.128D-TC127.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	TC000.128E-TC127.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Timer/Counter Status	TS000-TS127	Boolean	Read/Write

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

Note: Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The C500 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at DM100 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
DM100.100H
2. To address a string starting at DM110 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
DM110.078L
3. To address a string starting at DM200 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
DM200.055D
4. To address a string starting at DM220 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
DM220.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

DMxxxx [rows] [cols]

DMxxxx [cols] – (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords DM0 and DM1 overlap at word DM1. Thus, writing to DM0 also modifies the value held in DM1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use DM0, DM2, DM4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

C1000H Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

📘 For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	AR00-AR27 AR00-AR26 ARxx.00-ARxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	AR00.056H-AR27.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	AR00.056L-AR27.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	AR00.028D-AR27.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	AR00.028E-AR27.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	DM0000-DM4095 DM0000-DM4094 DMxxxx.00-DMxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	DM0000.256H-DM4095.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	DM0000.256L-DM4095.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	DM0000.128D-DM4095.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	DM0000.128E-DM4095.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	HR00-HR99 HR00-HR98 HRxx.00-HRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with HiLo byte order	HR00.200H-HR99.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with LoHi byte order	HR00.200L-HR99.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	HR00.100D-HR99.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	HR00.100E-HR99.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
each word	.l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars		
Internal Relay	IR000-IR255 IR000-IR254 IRxxx.00-IRxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with HiLo byte order	IR000.256H-IR255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with LoHi byte order	IR000.256L-IR255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	IR000.128D-IR255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	IR000.128E-IR255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays	LR00-LR63 LR00-LR62 LRxx.00-LRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Link Relays as string with HiLo byte order	LR00.128H-LR63.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string with LoHi byte order	LR00.128L-LR63.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	LR00.064D-LR63.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	LR00.064E-LR63.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer/Counter	TC000-TC511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string	TC000.256H-TC511.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with HiLo byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Timer/Counter as string with LoHi byte order	TC000.256L-TC511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	TC000.128D-TC511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	TC000.128E-TC511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter Status	TS000-TS511	Boolean	Read/Write

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD
0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD
0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50
IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50
IROD @ Word = 50
IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The C1000H model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at DM1000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
DM1000.100H
2. To address a string starting at DM1100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
DM1100.078L
3. To address a string starting at DM2000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
DM2000.055D
4. To address a string starting at DM2200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
DM2200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

DMxxxx [rows] [cols]

DMxxxx [cols] – (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

● Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords DM0 and DM1 overlap at word DM1. Thus, writing to DM0 also modifies the value held in DM1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use DM0, DM2, DM4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

C2000H Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	AR00-AR27 AR00-AR26 ARxx.00-ARxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	AR00.056H-AR27.002H .I is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	AR00.056L-AR27.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 56 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	AR00.028D-AR27.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	AR00.028E-AR27.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 28 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	DM0000-DM6655 DM0000-DM6654 DMxxxx.00-DMxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	DM0000.256H-DM6655.002H .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	DM0000.256L-DM6655.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	DM0000.128D-DM6655.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	DM0000.128E-DM6655.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	HR00-HR99 HR00-HR98	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord,	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	HRxx.00-HRxx.15	LBCD, Float Boolean	
Holding Relay as string with HiLo byte order	HR00.200H-HR99.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with LoHi byte order	HR00.200L-HR99.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 200 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	HR00.100D-HR99.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	HR00.100E-HR99.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 100 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay	IR000-IR255 IR000-IR254 IRxxx.00-IRxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with HiLo byte order	IR000.256H-IR255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string with LoHi byte order	IR000.256L-IR255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	IR000.128D-IR255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Internal Relay as a string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	IR000.128E-IR255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays	LR00-LR63 LR00-LR62 LRxx.00-LRxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Link Relays as string with HiLo byte order	LR00.128H-LR63.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Link Relays as string with LoHi byte order	LR00.128L-LR63.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	LR00.064D-LR63.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Link Relays as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	LR00.064E-LR63.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 64 chars	String	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word, Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer/Counter	TC000-TC511	BCD, Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with HiLo byte order	TC000.256H-TC511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string with LoHi byte order	TC000.256L-TC511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	TC000.128D-TC511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	TC000.128E-TC511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer/Counter Status	TS000-TS511	Boolean	Read/Write

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50
IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50
IROD @ Word = 50
IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The C2000H model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at DM1000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
DM1000.100H
2. To address a string starting at DM1100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
DM1100.078L
3. To address a string starting at DM2000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
DM2000.055D
4. To address a string starting at DM2200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
DM2200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

DMxxxx [rows] [cols]

DMxxxx [cols] – (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords DM0 and DM1 overlap at word DM1. Thus, writing to DM0 also modifies the value held in DM1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use DM0, DM2, DM4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CV500 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Action Flag	AC0000-AC1023	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	A000-A254	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A256-A511	Word , Short, BCD	Read Only
	A256-A510	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.00-A000.15-A255.00- A255.15	Boolean	Read/Write
	A256.00-A256.15-A511.00- A511.15	Boolean	Read Only
	A000.256H-A255.002H A256.256H-A511.002H	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
	A000.256L-A255.002L A256.256L-A511.002L	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
	A000.128D-A255.001D A256.128D-A511.001D	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of	A000.128E-A255.001E A256.128E-A511.001E	String String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
each word	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		Read Only
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555 CIO0000-CIO2554 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-CIO2555.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C000-C511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C000.256H-C511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C000.256L-C511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C000.128D-C511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C000.128E-C511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS000-CS511	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string	G000.256H-G255.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with HiLo byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	G000.128D-G255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D0000-D8191 D0000-D8190 Dxxxx.00-Dxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D0000.256H-D8191.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D0000.256L-D8191.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D0000.128D-D8191.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D0000.128E-D8191.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer	ST000-ST511	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer Status	STS000-STS511	Boolean	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T000-T511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T000.256H-T511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	256 chars		
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T000.256L-T511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T000.128D-T511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T000.128E-T511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS000-TS511	Boolean	Read/Write
Transition Flag	TN000-TN511	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CV500 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D1000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D1000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D1100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D1100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D2000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D2000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D2200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D2200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, Step Timer, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

● Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CV1000 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Action Flag	AC0000-AC2047	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	A000-A254		Read Only
	A256-A511	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	A256-A510		Read Only
A000.00-A000.15-A255.00-A255.15	Boolean	Read/Write	
A256.00-A256.15-A511.00-A511.15	Boolean	Read Only	
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A255.002H	String	Read/Write
	A256.256H-A511.002H	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A255.002L	String	Read/Write
	A256.256L-A511.002L	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A255.001D	String	Read/Write
	A256.128D-A511.001D	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A255.001E	String	Read/Write
	A256.128E-A511.001E	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	CIO0000-CIO2554		
	CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Boolean	
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-	String	Read/Write
	CIO2555.002H		
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
CIO Memory as string	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with LoHi byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C1023	BCD, Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C0000.256H-C1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C0000.256L-C1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C0000.128D-C1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C0000.128E-C1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word, Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with HiLo byte order	G000.256H-G255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	G000.128D-G255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D00000-D24575 D00000-D24574 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D24575.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D24575.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D24575.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D24575.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32765 E00000-E32764 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128D-E32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E07:32765	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	E00:00000-E07:32764 Ex:x.00-Exx:xxxxx.15	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H - E07:32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	E00:00000.256L - E07:32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E07:32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E07:32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer	ST0000-ST1023	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer Status	STS0000-STS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T0000-T1023	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T0000.256H-T1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T0000.256L-T1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T0000.128D-T1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T0000.128E-T1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Timer Status	TS0000-TS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
Transition Flag	TN0000-TN1023	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

Note: Boolean, Float and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CV1000 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, Step Timer, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CV2000 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

🔗 For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Action Flag	AC0000-AC2047	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255 A000-A254	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	A256-A511 A256-A510	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord,	Read Only

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	A000.00-A000.15-A255.00-A255.15	LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write Read Only
	A256.00-A256.15-A511.00-A511.15	Boolean	
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A255.002H A256.256H-A511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A255.002L A256.256L-A511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A255.001D A256.128D-A511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A255.001E A256.128E-A511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555 CIO0000-CIO2554 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-CIO2555.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Counter	C0000-C1023	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C0000.256H-C1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C0000.256L-C1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C0000.128D-C1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C0000.128E-C1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with HiLo byte order	G000.256H-G255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	G000.128D-G255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D00000-D24575 D00000-D24574 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D24575.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D24575.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D24575.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D24575.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32765 E00000-E32764 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128D-E32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E07:32765 E00:00000-E07:32764 Ex:x.00-Exx:xxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H - E07:32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	E00:00000.256L - E07:32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	256 chars		
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E07:32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E07:32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer	ST0000-ST1023	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Step Timer Status	STS0000-ST51023	Boolean	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T0000-T1023	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T0000.256H-T1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T0000.256L-T1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T0000.128D-T1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T0000.128E-T1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS0000-TS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
Transition Flag	TN0000-TN1023	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CV2000 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L

3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter: D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter: D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, Step Timer, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

● Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CVM1-CPU01 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

● For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	A000-A254	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A256-A511	Word , Short, BCD	Read Only
	A256-A510	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.00-A000.15-A255.00-A255.15	Boolean	Read/Write
	A256.00-A256.15-A511.00-A511.15	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256H-A255.002H	String	Read/Write
	A256.256H-A511.002H	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A255.002L	String	Read/Write
	A256.256L-A511.002L	String	Read Only

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A255.001D A256.128D-A511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A255.001E A256.128E-A511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555 CIO0000-CIO2554 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-CIO2555.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C000-C511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C000.256H-C511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C000.256L-C511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C000.128D-C511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string	C000.128E-C511.001E	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
Counter Status	CS000-CS511	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with HiLo byte order	G000.256H-G255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	G000.128D-G255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D0000-D8191 D0000-D8190 Dxxxx.00-Dxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D0000.256H-D8191.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D0000.256L-D8191.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D0000.128D-D8191.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D0000.128E-D8191.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T000-T511	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T000.256H-T511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T000.256L-T511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T000.128D-T511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T000.128E-T511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS000-TS511	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD
0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD
0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

IR0D @ Short = -50
IR0D @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50
 IROD @ Word = 50
 IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CVM1-CPU01 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D1000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D1000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D1100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D1100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D2000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D2000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D2200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D2200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CVM1-CPU11 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	A000-A254	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A256-A511	Word , Short, BCD	Read Only
	A256-A510	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A000.00-A000.15-A255.00- A255.15	Boolean	Read/Write
	A256.00-A256.15-A511.00- A511.15	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A255.002H	String	Read/Write
	A256.256H-A511.002H	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A255.002L	String	Read/Write
	A256.256L-A511.002L	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A255.001D	String	Read/Write
	A256.128D-A511.001D	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A255.001E	String	Read/Write
	A256.128E-A511.001E	String	Read Only
	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	CIO0000-CIO2554	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Boolean	
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-CIO2555.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C1023	BCD, Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C0000.256H-C1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C0000.256L-C1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C0000.128D-C1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C0000.128E-C1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word, Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with HiLo byte order	G000.256H-G255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of	G000.128D-G255.001D	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
each word	.l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars		
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D00000-D24575 D00000-D24574 Dxxxx.00-Dxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D24575.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D24575.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D24575.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D24575.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word , Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T0000-T1023	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T0000.256H-T1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T0000.256L-T1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T0000.128D-T1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T0000.128E-T1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	128 chars		
Timer Status	TS0000-TS1023	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50

IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50

IROD @ Word = 50

IRO @ BCD = 50

Note: Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CVM1-CPU11 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CVM1-CPU21 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

🔗 For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A255	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	A000-A254	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A256-A511	Word , Short, BCD	Read Only
	A256-A510	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A000.00-A000.15-A255.00-	Word , Short, BCD	
		Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	A255.15	Boolean	Read/Write
	A256.00-A256.15-A511.00-A511.15	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A255.002H A256.256H-A511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A255.002L A256.256L-A511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A255.001D A256.128D-A511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A255.001E A256.128E-A511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read/Write Read Only
CIO	CIO0000-CIO2555 CIO0000-CIO2554 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H-CIO2555.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO2555.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D-CIO2555.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO2555.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C1023	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C0000.256H-C1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C0000.256L-C1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C0000.128D-C1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C0000.128E-C1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS1023	Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link	G000-G255 G000-G254 Gxxx.00-Gxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with HiLo byte order	G000.256H-G255.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string with LoHi byte order	G000.256L-G255.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	G000.128D-G255.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CPU Bus Link as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	G000.128E-G255.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory	D00000-D24575 D00000-D24574 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D24575.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string	D00000.256L-D24575.002L	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with LoHi byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D24575.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D24575.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR0-DR2	Word , Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32765 E00000-E32764 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128D-E32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E07:32765 E00:00000-E07:32764 Ex:x.00-Exx:xxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H-E07:32765.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	E00:00000.256L-E07:32765.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E07:32765.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E07:32765.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Index Register	IR0-IR2	Word, Short, BCD*	Read/Write
Temporary Relay	TR TR0-TR7	Word, Short Boolean	Read/Write
Timer	T0000-T1023	BCD, Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string with HiLo byte order	T0000.256H-T1023.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T0000.256L-T1023.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T0000.128D-T1023.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T0000.128E-T1023.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS0000-TS1023	Boolean	Read/Write

*Arrays are not supported.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD
0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD
0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

IROD @ Short = -50
IROD @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
IRO @ BCD = 8050

IROD @ Short = 50
IROD @ Word = 50
IRO @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CCM1-CPU21 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean, Data Register, Index Register, and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

⚠ Use caution when modifying 32-bit values (DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float). Each address, for which these data types are allowed, starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1. Thus, writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used so that overlapping does not occur. For example, when using DWords, use D0, D2, D4, and so on to prevent overlapping Words.

CS1 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

📘 For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A447 A000-A446	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read Only
	A448-A959 A448-A958	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	A000.00-A000.15-A447.00- A447.15	Boolean	Read Only
	A448.00-A448.15-A959.00- A959.15	Boolean	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A447.002H A448.256H-A959.002H	String String	Read Only Read/Write
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A447.002L A448.256L-A959.002L	String String	Read Only Read/Write
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A447.001D A448.128D-A959.001D	String String	Read Only Read/Write
	.l is string length, range 1 to		

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	128 chars		
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A447.001E A448.128E-A959.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read Only Read/Write
CIO	CIO0000-CIO6143 CIO0000-CIO6142 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H- CIO6143.002H .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO6143.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D- CIO6143.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO6143.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter as string with HiLo byte order	C0000.256H-C4095.002H .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string with LoHi byte order	C0000.256L-C4095.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	C0000.128D-C4095.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	C0000.128E-C4095.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Data Memory	D00000-D32767 D00000-D32766 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR00-DR15 DR00-DR14	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32767 E00000-E32766 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E12:32767 E00:00000-E12:32766 Ex:x.00-Ex:xxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
		Boolean	
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H - E12:32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	E00:00000.256L - E12:32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E12:32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E12:32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	H0000-H1535 H0000-H1534 Hxxxx.00-Hxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with HiLo byte order	H0000.256H-H1535.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string with LoHi byte order	H0000.256L-H1535.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	H0000.128D-H1535.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	H0000.128E-H1535.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Index Register	IR00-IR15	DWord , Long, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Task Flag	TK00-TK31	Boolean	Read Only
Timer	T0000-T4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer as string	T0000.256H-T4095.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
with HiLo byte order	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Timer as string with LoHi byte order	T0000.256L-T4095.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	T0000.128D-T4095.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	T0000.128E-T4095.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS0000-TS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*
Working Relay	W000-W511 W000-W510 Wxxx.00-Wxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Working Relay as string with HiLo byte order	W000.256H-W511.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Working Relay as string with LoHi byte order	W000.256L-W511.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Working Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	W000.128D-W511.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Working Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	W000.128E-W511.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write

⚠ *Use caution when modifying 32-bit values such as DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float. Each address for which these data types are allowed starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1: writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used in order to prevent overlapping. For example, to prevent overlapping Words, users should use D0, D2, D4, and so on for DWords. The exception to this is IR tags, which are native 32-bit values with MSB to LSB byte ordering for the CS1-series PLCs.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD

0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD

0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD

+/-7999

Long as signed BCD

+/-79999999

Example

D0D @ Short = -50

D0D @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)

D0 @ BCD = 8050

D0D @ Short = 50

D0D @ Word = 50

D0 @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CS1 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H

2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Writing to DR and IR Registers

DR and IR registers can be written to only when the device is in Programming Mode. If the device is in Run Mode and a write is attempted to one of these registers, the value in the device does not change. Because the write succeeds, no error message is returned. The device's value does not change because the device is in Run Mode.

CJ1 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A447	Word , Short, BCD	Read Only
	A000-A446	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A448-A959	Word , Short, BCD	Read/Write
	A448-A958	Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	
	A000.00-A000.15-A447.00-A447.15	Boolean	Read Only
	A448.00-A448.15-A959.00-A959.15	Boolean	Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A447.002H	String	Read Only
	A448.256H-A959.002H	String	Read/Write
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A447.002L A448.256L-A959.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String String	Read Only Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A447.001D A448.128D-A959.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read Only Read/Write
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A447.001E A448.128E-A959.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String	Read Only Read/Write
CIO	CIO0000-CIO6143 CIO0000-CIO6142 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H- CIO6143.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO6143.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D- CIO6143.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO6143.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*
Data Memory	D00000-D32767 D00000-D32766 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D32767.002H .l is string length, range 2 to	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	256 chars		
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR00-DR15 DR00-DR14	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32767 E00000-E32766 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128D-E32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E12:32767 E00:00000-E12:32766 Ex:x.00-Ex:xxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H-E12:32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as	E00:00000.256L-	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
string with LoHi byte order	E12:32767.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E12:32767.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E12:32767.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	H0000-H1535 H0000-H1534 Hxxxx.00-Hxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Index Register	IR00-IR15	DWord , Long, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Task Flag	TK00-TK31	Boolean	Read Only
Timer	T0000-T4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS0000-TS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*
Working Relay	W000-W511 W000-W510 Wxxx.00-Wxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write

⚠ *Use caution when modifying 32-bit values such as DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float. Each address for which these data types are allowed starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1: writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used in order to prevent overlapping. For example, to prevent overlapping Words, users should use D0, D2, D4, and so on for DWords. The exception to this is IR tags, which are native 32-bit values with MSB to LSB byte ordering for the CJ1-series PLCs.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD
0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD
0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

D0D @ Short = -50
D0D @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
D0 @ BCD = 8050

D0D @ Short = 50
D0D @ Word = 50
D0 @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CJ1 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Writing to DR and IR Registers

DR and IR registers can be written to only when the device is in Programming Mode. If the device is in Run Mode and a write is attempted to one of these registers, the value in the device does not change. Because the write succeeds, no error message is returned. The device's value does not change because the device is in Run Mode.

CJ2 Addressing

The default data types for dynamically defined tags are shown in **bold** where appropriate.

• For more information on notes and restrictions, refer to [BCD Support](#), [String Support](#), and [Array Support](#).

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Auxiliary Relay	A000-A447 A000-A446	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read Only
	A448-A1471 A448-A1470	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write
	A10000-A11535 A10000-A11534	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read Only
	A000.00-A000.15-A447.00- A447.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read Only Read/Write
	A448.00-A448.15-A1471.00- A1471.15	Boolean Boolean	Read Only
	A10000.00-A10000.15- A11535.00-A11535.15	Boolean	Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string with HiLo byte order	A000.256H-A447.002H A448.256H-A1471.002H A10000.256H-A11535.002H	String String String	Read Only Read/Write Read Only
	.l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
	Auxiliary Relay as string with LoHi byte order	A000.256L-A447.002L A448.256L-A1471.002L	String String

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	A10000.256L-A11535.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	A000.128D-A447.001D A448.128D-A1471.001D A10000.128D-A11535.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String String	Read Only Read/Write Read Only
Auxiliary Relay as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	A000.128E-A447.001E A448.128E-A1471.001E A10000.128E-A11535.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String String String	Read Only Read/Write Read Only
CIO	CIO0000-CIO6143 CIO0000-CIO6142 CIOxxxx.00-CIOxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with HiLo byte order	CIO0000.256H- CIO6143.002H .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string with LoHi byte order	CIO0000.256L-CIO6143.002L .l is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128D- CIO6143.001D .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
CIO Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	CIO0000.128E-CIO6143.001E .l is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Counter	C0000-C4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Counter Status	CS0000-CS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*
Data Memory	D00000-D32767 D00000-D32766 Dxxxxx.00-Dxxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	D00000.256H-D32767.002H	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
	.J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars		
Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	D00000.256L-D32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	D00000.128D-D32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	D00000.128E-D32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Data Register	DR00-DR15 DR00-DR14	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Expansion Data Memory (current bank)	E00000-E32767 E00000-E32766 Exxxxx.00-Exxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with HiLo byte order	E00000.256H-E32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string with LoHi byte order	E00000.256L-E32767.002L .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00000.128D-E32767.001D .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory (current bank) as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00000.128E-E32767.001E .J is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory	E00:00000-E24:32767 E00:00000-E24:32766 Ex:x.00-Ex:xxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string with HiLo byte order	E00:00000.256H-E24:32767.002H .J is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write

Device Type	Range	Data Type	Access
Expansion Data Memory as string with LoHi byte order	E00:00000.256L- E24:32767.002L .I is string length, range 2 to 256 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the High Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128D- E24:32767.001D .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Expansion Data Memory as string Using Only the Low Order byte of each word	E00:00000.128E- E24:32767.001E .I is string length, range 1 to 128 chars	String	Read/Write
Holding Relay	H0000-H1535 H0000-H1534 Hxxxx.00-Hxxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write
Index Register	IR00-IR15	DWord , Long, LBCD, Float	Read/Write*
Task Flag	TK00-TK127	Boolean	Read Only
Timer	T0000-T4095	BCD , Word, Short	Read/Write
Timer Status	TS0000-TS4095	Boolean	Read/Write*
Working Relay	W000-W511 W000-W510 Wxxx.00-Wxxx.15	Word , Short, BCD Long, DWord, LBCD, Float Boolean	Read/Write

⚠ *Use caution when modifying 32-bit values such as DWord, Long, LBCD, and Float. Each address for which these data types are allowed starts at a word offset within the device. Therefore, DWords D0 and D1 overlap at word D1: writing to D0 also modifies the value held in D1. It is recommended that these data types be used in order to prevent overlapping. For example, to prevent overlapping Words, users should use D0, D2, D4, and so on for DWords. The exception to this is IR tags, which are native 32-bit values with MSB to LSB byte ordering for the CJ1-series PLCs.

BCD Support

16-Bit and 32-Bit data can be referenced as signed and unsigned BCD values.

Unsigned BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Word or DWord tag address or by using the BCD and LBCD data types. The value range follows:

Word as unsigned BCD
0 - 9999

DWord as unsigned BCD
0 - 99999999

Signed BCD support is accomplished by appending a 'D' to any Short or Long tag address. The most significant bit of the Short/Long is set to 1 for negative values, 0 for positive values. The value range follows:

Short as signed BCD
+/-7999

Long as signed BCD
+/-79999999

Example

D0D @ Short = -50
D0D @ Word = 8050 (MSB set)
D0 @ BCD = 8050

D0D @ Short = 50
D0D @ Word = 50
D0 @ BCD = 50

● **Note:** Boolean, Float, and String data types do not support appending 'D' to the tag address. Furthermore, 'D' cannot be appended to BCD or LBCD tags, or tags with a default data type of BCD or LBCD (such as Counter and Timer tags).

String Support

The CJ1 model supports reading and writing numerous device types as an ASCII string. When using data memory for string data, each register contains two bytes (two characters) of ASCII data. The order of the ASCII data within a given register can be selected when the string is defined. The length of the string can be from 2 to 256 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The length must be entered as an even number. The range also cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 2 bytes transmitted for each character. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte order is specified by appending either a "H" or "L" to the address.

When using one byte of ASCII data per register, the length of the string can be from 1 to 128 characters and is entered in place of a bit number. The string length times 4 cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. The range of registers spanned by the string cannot exceed the range of the device type. The byte to use within a register is specified by appending either a "D" or "E" to the address. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Examples

1. To address a string starting at D01000 with a length of 100 bytes and HiLo byte order, enter:
D01000.100H
2. To address a string starting at D01100 with a length of 78 bytes and LoHi byte order, enter:
D01100.078L
3. To address a string starting at D02000 with a length of 55 bytes and Only the High Order byte, enter:
D02000.055D
4. To address a string starting at D02200 with a length of 37 bytes and Only the Low Order byte, enter:
D02200.037E

Array Support

Arrays are supported for all data types except Boolean and String. There are two methods of addressing an array. Examples are given using data memory locations.

Dxxxx [rows] [cols]

Dxxxx [cols] (this method assumes "rows" is equal to one)

Rows multiplied by cols multiplied by data size in bytes cannot exceed the request size that has been assigned to the device. Since this driver uses an ASCII protocol, there are 4 bytes for each word, short and BCD, and 8 bytes for each DWord, long, LBCD and float. For example, a 10 X 10 array of words results in an array size of 400 bytes, which would require a request size of 512. The next smaller request size choice, 256, would be too small. For more information, refer to [Setup](#).

Writing to DR and IR Registers

DR and IR registers can be written to only when the device is in Programming Mode. If the device is in Run Mode and a write is attempted to one of these registers, the value in the device does not change. Because the write succeeds, no error message is returned. The device's value does not change because the device is in Run Mode.

Event Log Messages

The following information concerns messages posted to the Event Log pane in the main user interface. Consult the server help on filtering and sorting the Event Log detail view. Server help contains many common messages, so should also be searched. Generally, the type of message (informational, warning) and troubleshooting information is provided whenever possible.

Device responded with error. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with local node error. | Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with destination node error. | Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with a communications error. | Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device cannot process command. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with routing table error. | Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with a command format error. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with a command parameter error. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with read not possible. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with error in unit. | Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device cannot accept command. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Access right denied. | Tag address = '<address>', Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Device responded with write not possible. | Tag address = '<address>', Data size = <byte number>, Main error = <code>, Sub error = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

See Also:

Main and Sub Error Codes

Unable to write to tag. The device is in Run Mode. | Tag address = '<address>'.

Error Type:

Warning

Device responded with fatal CPU unit error. | End code = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

Device responded with non-fatal CPU unit error. | End code = <code>.

Error Type:

Warning

Possible Cause:

The error codes indicate possible causes.

Possible Solution:

Refer to Main and Sub Error Codes for a description possible solutions and corrections.

Failed to set device back to run mode following write to tag. | Tag address = '<address>'.

Error Type:

Warning

Error Mask Definitions

B = Hardware break detected

F = Framing error

E = I/O error

O = Character buffer overrun

R = RX buffer overrun

P = Received byte parity error

T = TX buffer full

Resources

In addition to this user manual, there are a variety of resources available to assist customers, answer questions, provide more detail about specific implementations, or help with troubleshooting specific issues.

[Knowledge Base](#)

[Whitepapers](#)

[Connectivity Guides](#)

[Technical Notes](#)

[Training Programs](#)

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